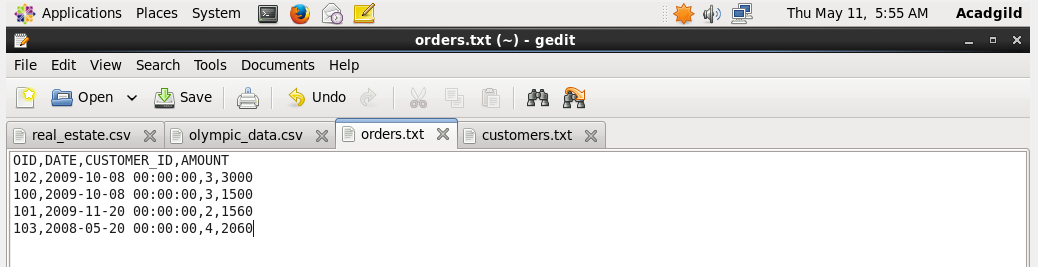
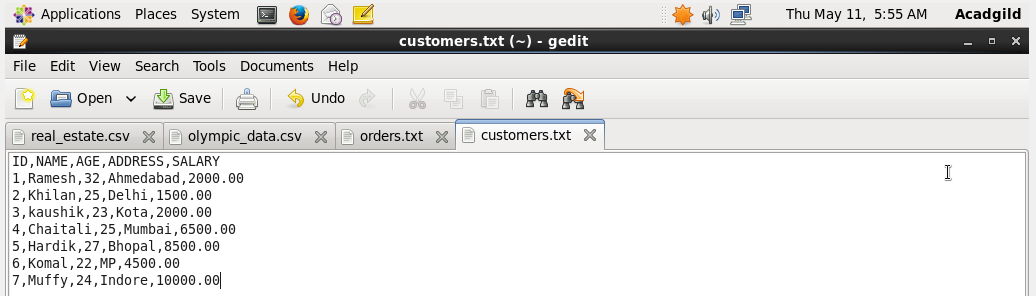
**ASSIGNMENT-27.2:**

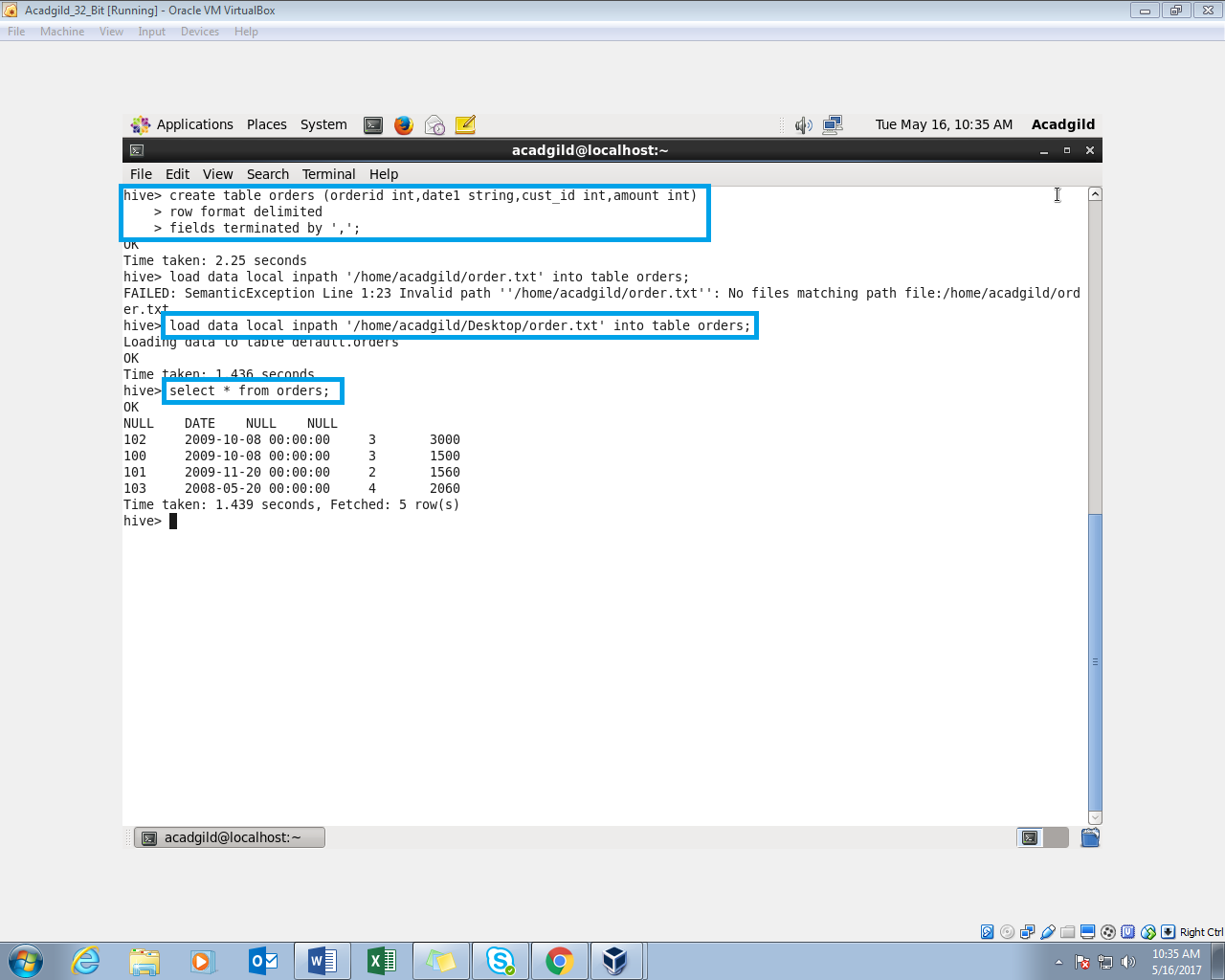
Order text file:

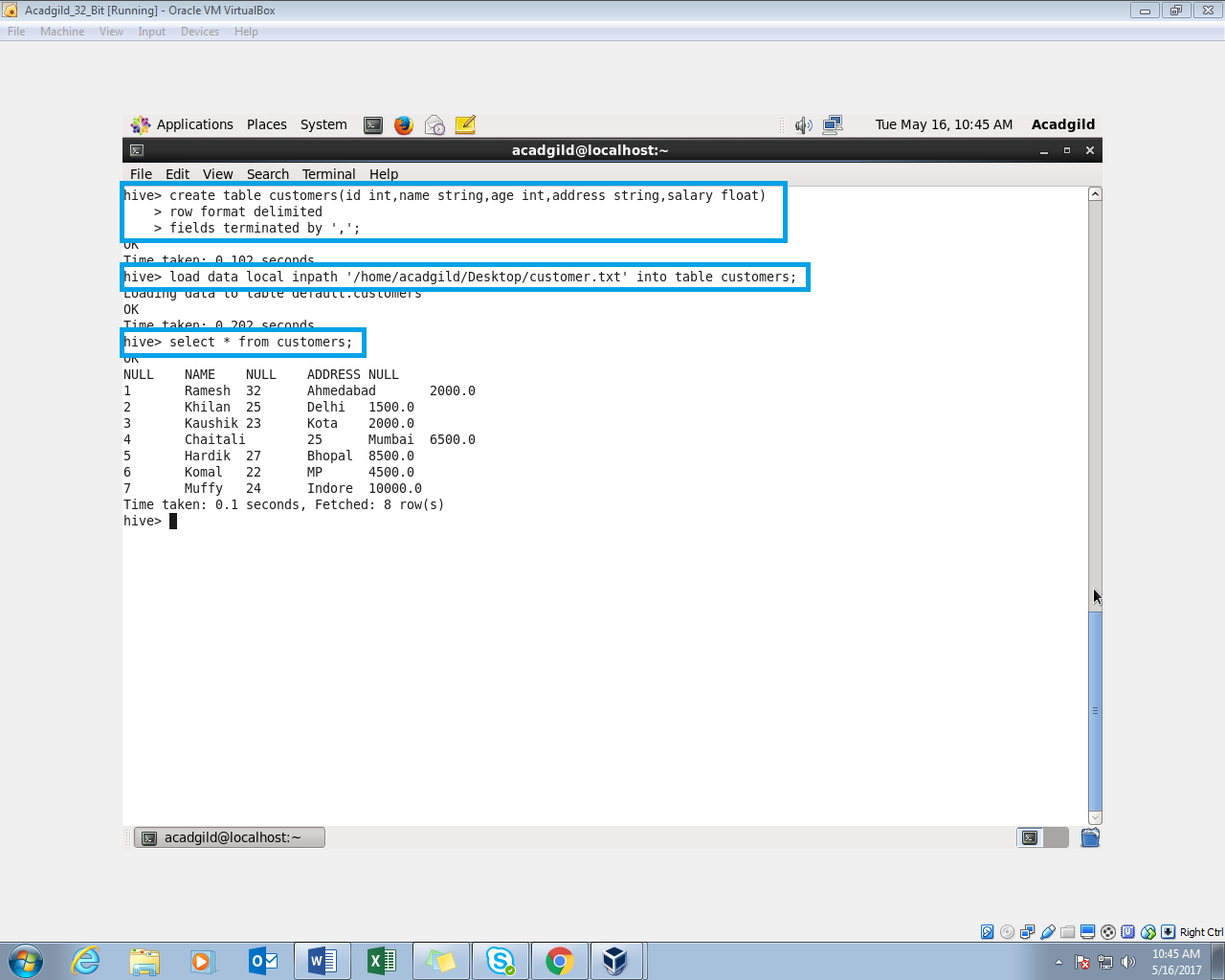


Customer Text file:



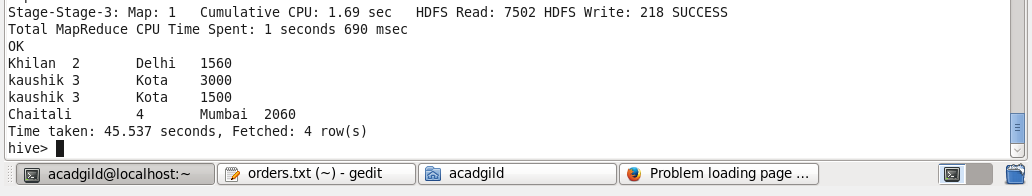
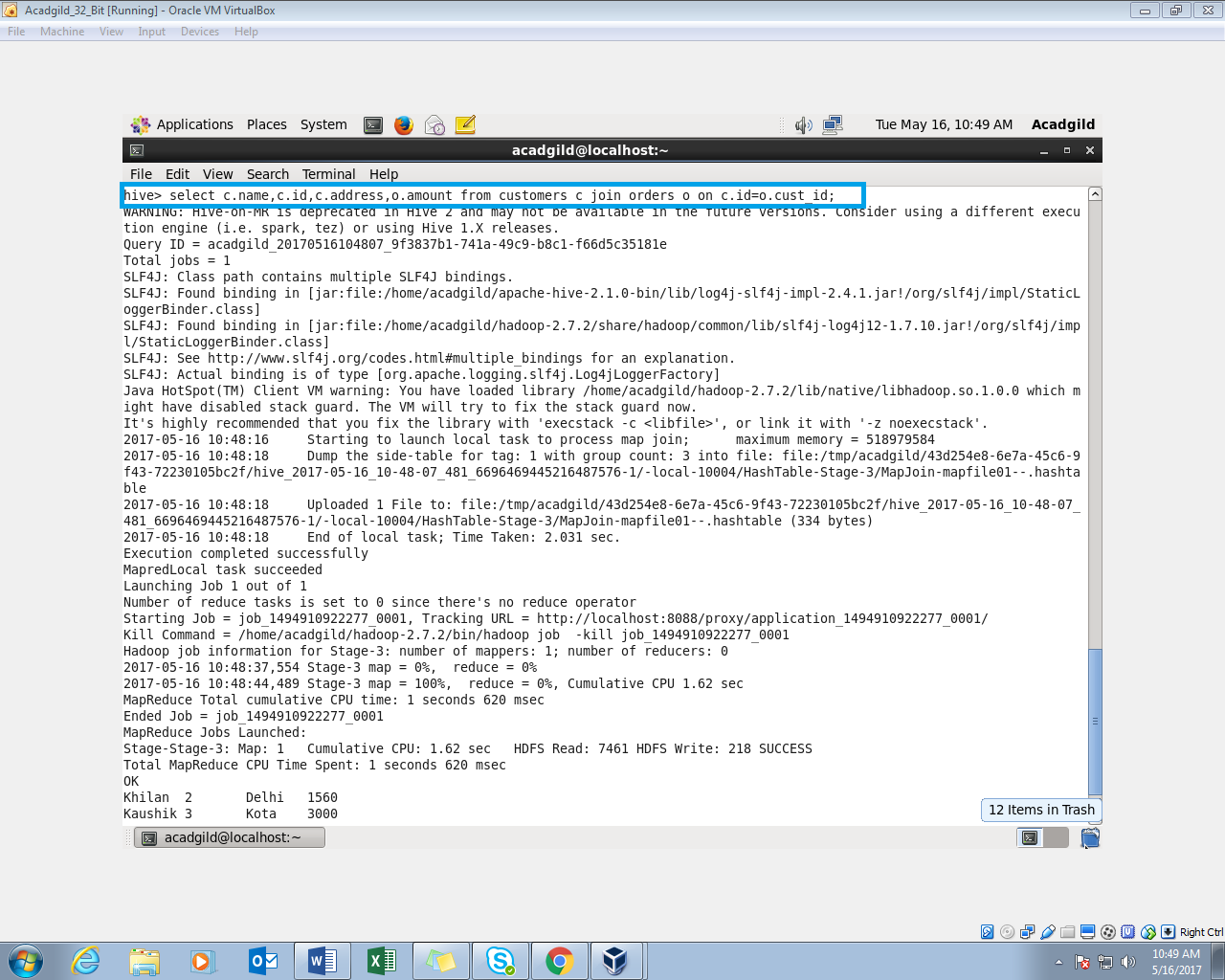
Creating the table:





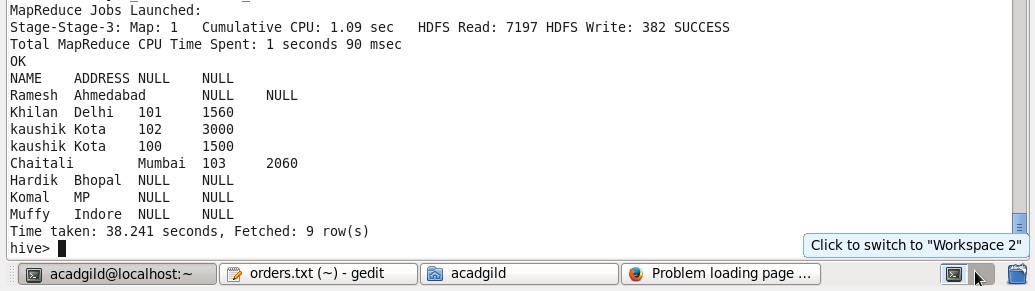
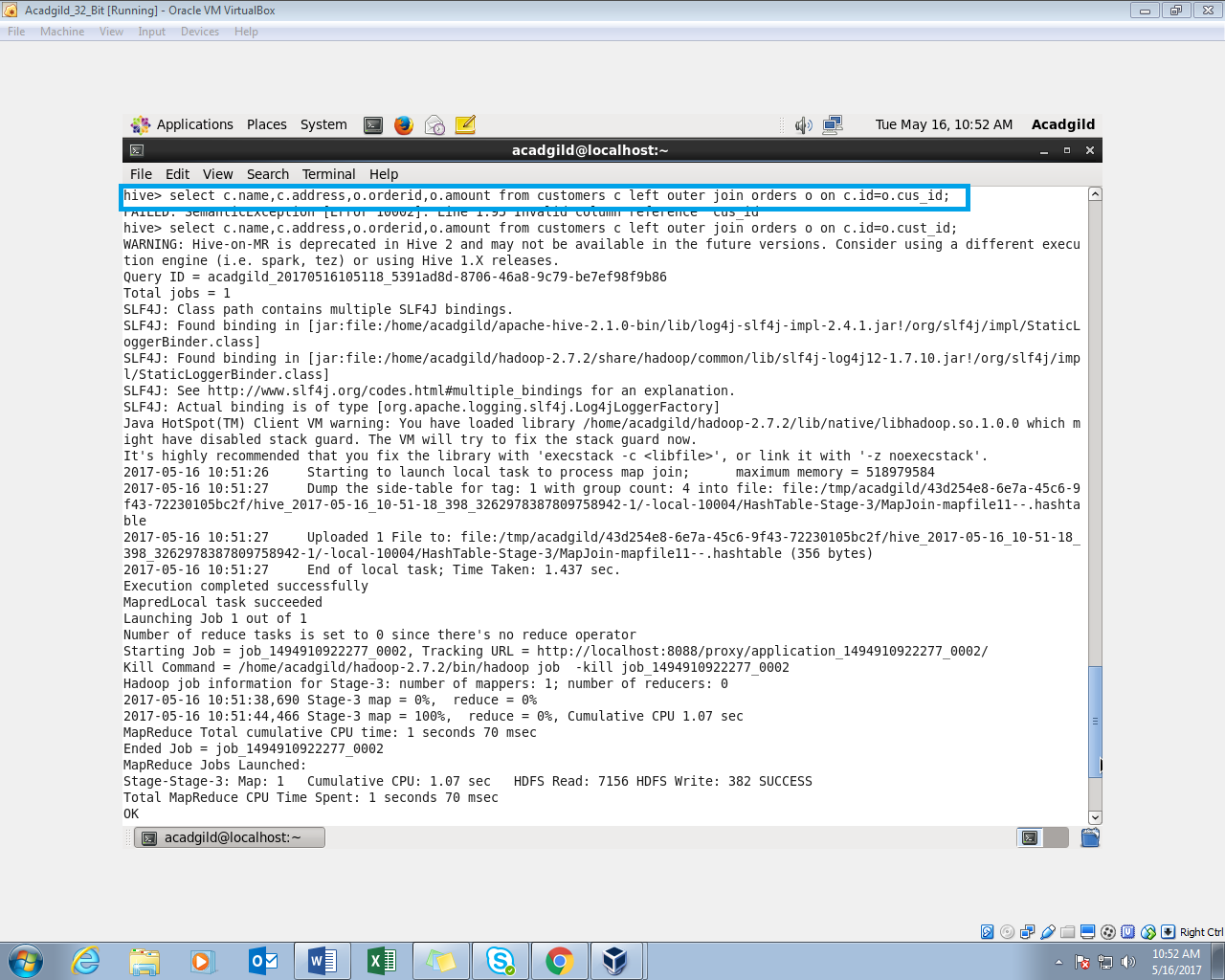
**JOIN:**

JOIN clause is used to combine and retrieve the records from multiple tables. A JOIN condition is to be raised using the primary keys and foreign keys of the tables.



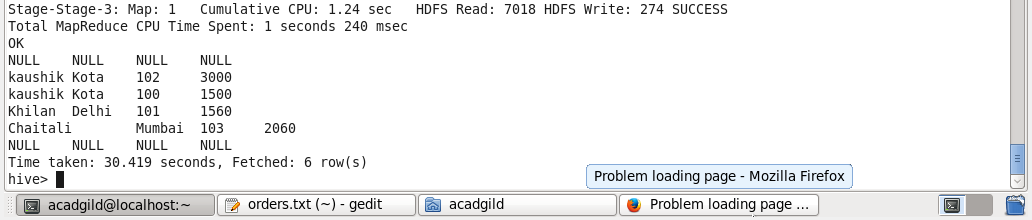
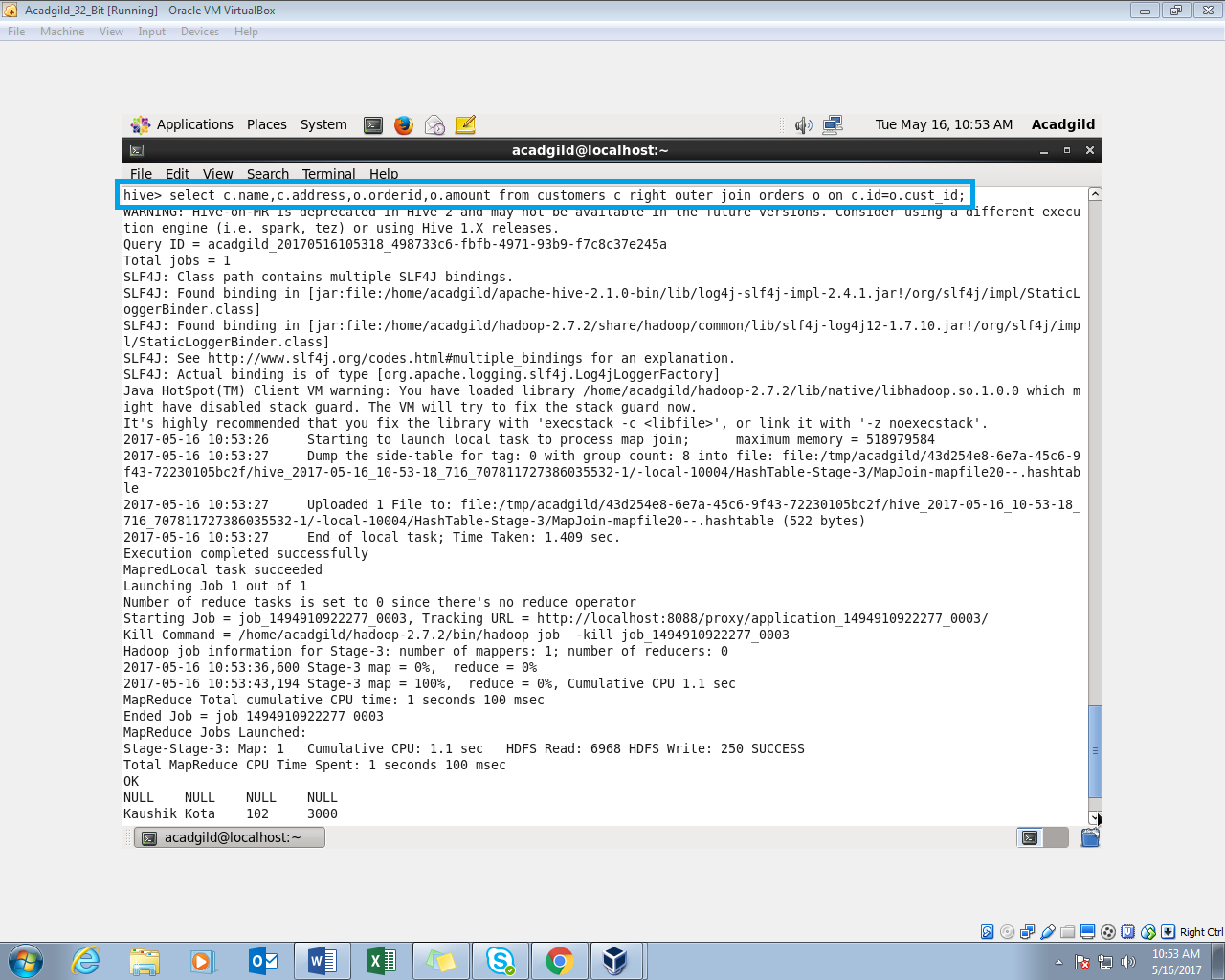
**LEFT OUTER JOIN**

The HiveQL LEFT OUTER JOIN returns all the rows from the left table, even if there are no matches in the right table. This means, if the ON clause matches 0 (zero) records in the right table, the JOIN still returns a row in the result, but with NULL in each column from the right table.



**RIGHT OUTER JOIN**

The HiveQL RIGHT OUTER JOIN returns all the rows from the right table, even if there are no matches in the left table. If the ON clause matches 0 (zero) records in the left table, the JOIN still returns a row in the result, but with NULL in each column from the left table.



**FULL OUTER JOIN**

The HiveQL FULL OUTER JOIN combines the records of both the left and the right outer tables that fulfil the JOIN condition. The joined table contains either all the records from both the tables, or fills in NULL values for missing matches on either side.

